

# Question Paper For ITI Tranees for PSU Exams.

For Electronics Students

Set-7

1. For reflection co-efficient  $|r| = 1/2$  VSWR is

(A) 2

(B) 3 **(Ans)**

(C) C

(D) 8

2. Radiation resistance of a half wave dipole is

(A)  $73 \Omega$  **(Ans)**

(B)  $377 \Omega$

(C)  $300 \Omega$

(D)  $50 \Omega$

3. Which of the following is not Maxwell's equation ?

(A)  $B = \mu H$

(B)  $E = D/\epsilon$

(C)  $E = J/\sigma$

(D)  $E = \epsilon D$  **(Ans)**

4. A medium is called isotropic when

(A)  $\epsilon$  is zero

(B)  $\epsilon$  is a scalar constant **(Ans)**

(C)  $\epsilon = \mu$

(D)  $\epsilon = \mu\sigma$

5. Which of the following is not a wide band antenna

(A) marconi **(Ans)**

(B) helical

(C) rhombic

(D) folded dipole

6. The wave which "lies down and dies" is called

(A) ground wave **(Ans)**

(B) sky wave

(C) space wave

(D) spherical wave

7. When cathode is positive with respect to anode in an SCR, the number of  $p-n$  junction is

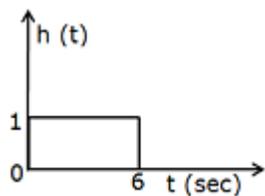
(A) 1

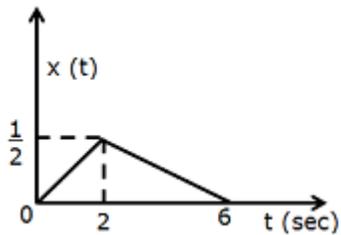
(B) 2 **(Ans)**

(C) 3

(D) 4

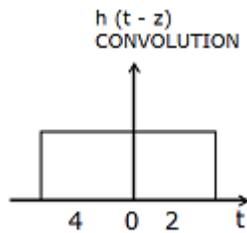
8. The impulse response and the excitation function of a linear time invariant causal system are shown in Fig. (a) and (b) respectively. The output of system at  $t = 2$  sec is equal to





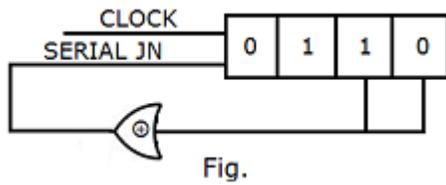
- (A) 0
- (B)  $1/2$  (Ans)
- (C)  $3/2$
- (D) 2

**Solution :**  $y(y) = \int f x(t) h(t-t) dt$



Out Put =  $1/2 * 2 * 1/2 = 1/2$

9. The initial contents of the 4-bit serial-in-parallel-out right-shift, Shift Register shown in Fig. is 0110. After three clock pulses are applied, the contents of the Shift Register will be



- (A) 0000
- (B) 0101
- (C) 1010 (Ans)
- (D) 1111

**Solution :** 4-bit SIPO

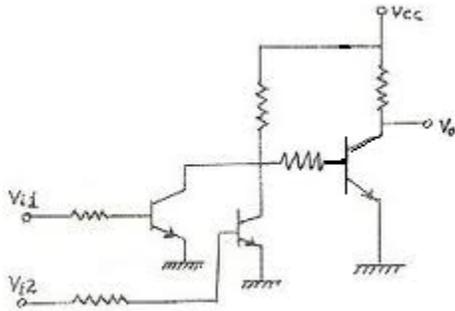
1 XOR (1, 0) = 1 1011

2 XOR (1, 1) = 0 0101

3 XOR (0, 1) = 1 1010

contents will be 1010.

10. Fig. shows the circuit of a gate in the Resistor Transistor Logic (RTL) family. The circuit represents a



(A) NAND

(B) AND

(C) NOR

(D) OR **(Ans)**

$V_{i1}$   $V_{i2}$   $V_x$   $V_o$   $Q_1$   $Q_2$   $Q_3$

L L H L OFF OFF ON

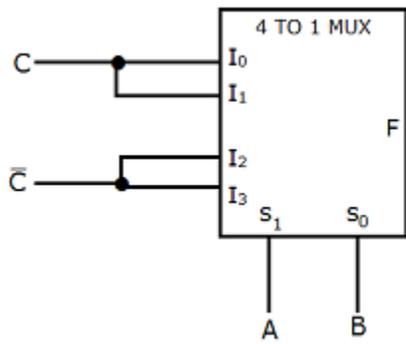
L H L H OFF ON OFF

H L L H ON OFF OFF

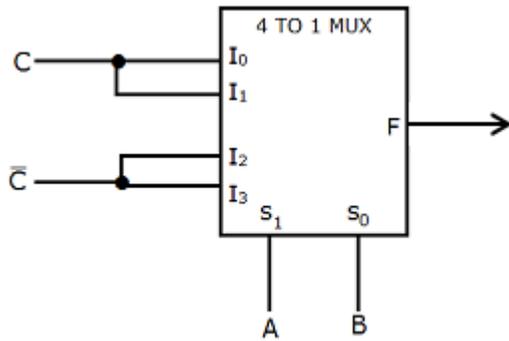
H H L H ON ON OFF

The circuit represent an OR. Hence choice is d.

11. The logic realized by the circuit shown in Fig.



- (A)  $F = A \cdot C$
- (B)  $F = A + C$  (Ans)
- (C)  $F = B \cdot C$
- (D)  $F = B + C$



$S_0$	$S_1$	$F$
$B$	$A$	
0	0	$C$
1	0	$C$
0	1	$\bar{C}$
1	1	$\bar{C}$

$F =$  does not depend on  $B$ .

$$F = AC + A\bar{C} = A \oplus C$$

12. A Lissajous pattern, as shown in Fig below, is observed on the screen of a CRO when voltage of frequencies  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  are applied to the x and y plates respectively.  $f_x : f_y$  is then equal to

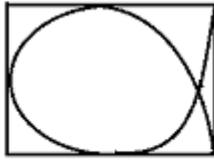


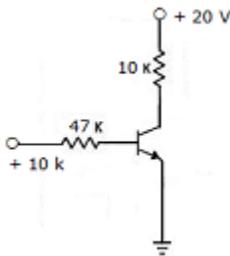
Fig.

- (A) 3 : 2
- (B) 1 : 2 **(Ans)**
- (C) 2 : 3
- (D) 2 : 1

**Solution :**  $f_x/f_r = \text{Points of tangency to vertical line} / \text{Points of tangency to horizontal line} = 1/2$

or  $f_x : f_y = 1 : 2$

13. In the transistor circuit shown in Fig. below, collector-to-ground voltage is + 20 V. Which of the following is the probable cause of error ?



- (A) Collector-emitter terminals shorted
- (B) Emitter to ground connection open **(Ans)**
- (C) 10 k  $\Omega$  resistor open
- (D) collector-base terminals shorted

14. To neglect a voltage source, the terminals across the source are

- (A) open circuited
- (B) short circuited **(Ans)**
- (C) replaced by some resistance
- (D) replaced by an inductor

15. Current  $I_0$  in the given circuit will be

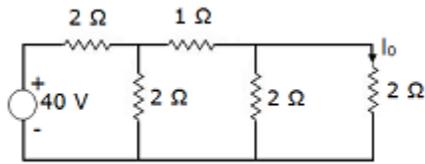


Fig.

- (A) 10 A
- (B) 3.33 A **(Ans)**
- (C) 20 A
- (D) 2.5 A

**Solution :**  $R_T = 2 + 2 \parallel [1 + (2 \parallel 2)]$

$$= 2 + 2 \parallel (1 + 1)$$

$$= 2 + 2 \parallel 2 = 2 + 1 = 3 \Omega$$

So  $I = \frac{40}{3} \text{ A}$

By current division  $I_0 = \frac{1}{2} * \frac{1}{2} * \frac{40}{3} = \frac{10}{3} \text{ A}$

$I_0 = 3.33 \text{ A}$

16. In a resonant circuit, the power factor at resonance is

- (A) zero
- (B) unity **(Ans)**
- (C) 0.5
- (D) 1.5

17. In the given circuit voltage  $V$  is reduced to half. The current will become

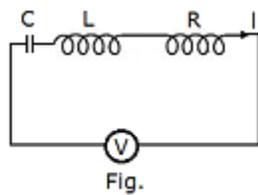


Fig.

(A)  $I/2$  **(Ans)**

(B)  $2I$

(C)  $1.5I$

(D)  $I/\sqrt{R^2 + (X_L + X_C)^2}$

**Solution :**  $I$  a  $V$  if  $V$  reduced half current becomes  $\frac{I}{2}$ .

**18.** One electron volt is equivalent to

(A)  $1.6 \times 10^{-10}$  J

(B)  $1.6 \times 10^{-13}$  J

(C)  $1.6 \times 10^{-16}$  J

(D)  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  J **(Ans)**

**19.** Which of the following is donor impurity element ?

(A) Aluminium

(B) Boron

(C) Phosphorous **(Ans)**

(D) Indium.

**20.** The diameter of an atom is of the order

(A)  $10^{-6}$  m

(B)  $10^{-10}$  m **(Ans)**

(C)  $10^{-15}$  m

(D)  $10^{-21}$  m

21. The following Figure represents

Image - BSNL- MB (J.T.O.) RE 2001 - Part A - Qno. 9

- (A) LED **(Ans)**
- (B) Varistor
- (C) SCR
- (D) Diac

22. If the d.c. value of a rectified output is 300 V and peak to peak ripple voltage is 10 V, the ripple factor is

- (A) 1.18%
- (B) 3.33% **(Ans)**
- (C) 3.36%
- (D) 6.66%

**Solution :** rms value of output

$$= \sqrt{300^2 + 10^2} = 300.166 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Average value} = 300 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Form factor} = \frac{\text{RMS value}}{\text{Average value}} = \frac{300.166}{300} = 1.00055.$$

$$\text{Ripple factor} = \sqrt{(\text{Form factor})^2 - 1}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1.0005)^2 - 1} = 0.0333$$

$$= 3.33\%.$$

23. Full wave rectifier output has ripple factor of

- (A) 1.11 **(Ans)**
- (B) 1.21
- (C) 1.41
- (D) 1.51

24. In a common base connection  $I_E = 2 \text{ mA}$ ,  $I_C = 1.9 \text{ mA}$ . The value of base current is

(A) 0.1 m (Ans)

(B) 0.2 mA

(C) 0.3 mA

(D) zero

**Solution :**  $I_E = 2 \text{ mA}$     $I_C = 1.9 \text{ mA}$

$$I_b = I_E - I_C = (2 - 1.9) = 0.1 \text{ mA.}$$

25. For the action of transistor the base region must be

(A) P-type material

(B) N-type material

(C) very narrow (Ans)

(D) highly doped

26. Compared to a CB amplifier the CE amplifier has higher

(A) current amplification

(B) output dynamic resistance

(C) leakage current

(D) input dynamic resistance

(E) all of the above (Ans)

27. When a transistor is biased to cut-off its  $\beta$  is

(A) 0.5

(B) 0

(C) 1.0 (Ans)

(D) 0.8

28. An ideal voltage amplifier should have

(A)  $R_i = 0, R_o = 0$

(B)  $R_i = 0, R_o = \infty$

(C)  $R_i = \infty, R_o = 0$  **(Ans)**

(D)  $R_i = 0, R_o = \infty$

29. Barkhausen criterion for sustained oscillator is

(A)  $A\beta = 1 \angle 0^\circ$  **(Ans)**

(B)  $A\beta = 0$

(C)  $A\beta = 1 \angle 180^\circ$

(D)  $A = 1/\sqrt{\beta}$

30. The value of plastic capacitance for a triode may range from

(A) 2  $\mu\text{F}$  to 12  $\mu\text{F}$

(B) 20  $\mu\text{F}$  to 120  $\mu\text{F}$

(C) 2 pF to 12 pF **(Ans)**

(D) 20 pF to 120 pF

31. A colpitts oscillator uses

(A) tapped coil

(B) inductive feedback

(C) tapped capacitance **(Ans)**

(D) no tuned LC circuit

32. A typical frequency for a RC feedback oscillator is

(A) 1 KHz **(Ans)**

(B) 100 MHz

(C) 1000 MHz

(D) 1 GHz

33. In pulse transmitter the ratio of time on to time off is called

(A) efficiency

(B) duty cycle **(Ans)**

(C) base

(D) bandwidth

34. FM broadcast band generally lies in

(A) LF

(B) HF

(C) VHF **(Ans)**

(D) SHF

35. The following filter is generally used in SSB generation

(A) active filter

(B) mechanical filter **(Ans)**

(C) LC filter

(D) crystal filter

36. Which is a digital communication system ?

(A) FM

- (B) AM
- (C) PCM **(Ans)**
- (D) PAM

37. A transistor is basically an amplifying device for

- (A) power
- (B) voltage
- (C) current **(Ans)**
- (D) all of these

38. The function  $\frac{3s}{(s+1)(s+2)}$  has

- (A) one zero, two poles **(Ans)**
- (B) no zero, one pole
- (C) no zero, two poles
- (D) one zero, no pole

**Solution :**  $G(s) = \frac{3s}{(s+1)(s+2)}$  has one zero at  $s = 0$  and two poles at  $s = -1, -2$ .

39. The drain of an n-channel MOSFET is shorted to the gate so that  $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ . The threshold voltage ( $V_T$ ) of MOSFET is 1 V. If the drain current ( $I_D$ ) is 1 mA for  $V_{GS} = 2V$ , then for  $V_{GS} = 3V$ ,  $I_D$  is

- A) 2 mA
- B) 3 mA
- C) 9 mA
- D) 4 mA

Answer : (D)

40. The first and the last critical frequency of an RC-driving point impedance function must respectively be

- A) a zero and a pole
- B) a zero and a zero
- C) a pole and a pole
- D) a pole and a zero

Answer : (D)

41. In what range should  $\text{Re}(s)$  remain so that the Laplace transform of the function  $e^{(a+2)t+5}$  exists?

- A)  $\text{Re}(s) > a + 2$
- B)  $\text{Re}(s) > a + 7$
- C)  $\text{Re}(s) < 2$
- D)  $\text{Re}(s) > a + 5$

Answer : (A)

42. A parallel plate air-filled capacitor has plate area of  $10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$  and plate separation of  $10^{-3} \text{ m}$ . It is connected to a  $0.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $3.6 \text{ GHz}$  source. The magnitude of the displacement current is ( $\epsilon_0 = 1/36\pi \times 10^{-9} \text{ F/m}$ )

- A)  $10 \text{ mA}$
- B)  $100 \text{ mA}$
- C)  $10 \text{ A}$
- D)  $1.59 \text{ mA}$

Answer : (A)

43. For the polynomial  $P(s) = s^5 + s^4 + 2s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 15$ , the number of roots which lie in the right half of the  $s$ -plane is

- A) 4
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 1

Answer : (B)

44. The phase velocity of an electromagnetic wave propagating in a hollow metallic rectangular waveguide in the  $\text{TE}_{10}$  mode is

- A) equal to its group velocity
- B) less than the velocity of light in free space
- C) equal to the velocity of light in free space
- D) greater than the velocity of light in free space

Answer : (D)

45. A device with input  $x(t)$  and output  $y(t)$  is characterized by:  $y(t) = x^2(t)$ . An FM signal with frequency deviation of  $90 \text{ kHz}$  and modulating signal bandwidth of  $5 \text{ kHz}$  is applied to this device. The bandwidth of the output signal is

- A)  $370 \text{ kHz}$
- B)  $190 \text{ kHz}$
- C)  $380 \text{ kHz}$
- D)  $95 \text{ kHz}$

Answer : (C)

46. The Q - meter works on the principle of

- A) mutual inductance
- B) self inductance
- C) series resonance
- D) parallel resonance

Answer : (C)

47. The Fourier transform of a conjugate symmetric function is always

- A) imaginary
- B) conjugate anti-symmetric
- C) real
- D) conjugate symmetric

Answer : (C)

48. An ideal op-amp is an ideal

- A) voltage controlled current source
- B) voltage controlled voltage source
- C) current controlled current source
- D) current controlled voltage source

Answer : (B)

49. A system has poles at 0.01 Hz, 1 Hz and 80 Hz; zeros at 5 Hz, 100 Hz and 200 Hz. The approximate phase of the system-response at 20 Hz is

- A)  $-90^\circ$
- B)  $0^\circ$
- C)  $90^\circ$
- D)  $-180^\circ$

Answer : (A)

50. In an abrupt p-n junction, the doping concentrations on the p-side and n-side are  $N_A = 9 \times 10^{16}/\text{cm}^3$  and  $N_D = 1 \times 10^{16}/\text{cm}^3$  respectively. The p-n junction is reverse biased and the total depletion width is 3 mm. The depletion width on the p-side is

- A) 2.7 mm
- B) 0.3 mm.
- C) 2.25 mm
- D) 0.75 mm

Answer : (B)

51. A master-slave flip-flop has the characteristic that

- A) change in the input immediately reflected in the output
- B) change in the output occurs when the state of the master is affected
- C) change in the output occurs when the state of the slave is affected
- D) both the master and the slave states are affected at the same time

Answer : (C)

52. A parallel plate air-filled capacitor has plate area of  $10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$  and plate separation of  $10^{-3} \text{ m}$ . It is connected to a  $0.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $3.6 \text{ GHz}$  source. The magnitude of the displacement current is ( $\epsilon_0 = 1/36\pi \times 10^{-9} \text{ F/m}$ )

- A)  $10 \text{ mA}$
- B)  $100 \text{ mA}$
- C)  $10 \text{ A}$
- D)  $1.59 \text{ mA}$

Answer : (A)

53. The phase velocity of an electromagnetic wave propagating in a hollow metallic rectangular waveguide in the  $\text{TE}_{10}$  mode is

- A) equal to its group velocity
- B) less than the velocity of light in free space
- C) equal to the velocity of light in free space
- D) greater than the velocity of light in free space

Answer : (D)

54. Noise with uniform power spectral density of  $N \text{ W/Hz}$  is passed through a filter  $H(\omega) = 2 \exp(-j\omega t_d)$  followed by an ideal low pass filter of bandwidth  $B \text{ Hz}$ . The output noise power in Watts is

- A)  $2N0B$
- B)  $4N0B$
- C)  $eN0B$
- D)  $16 N0B$

Answer : (B)

55. The cascade amplifier is a multistage configuration of

- A) CC-CB
- B) CE-CB
- C) CB-CC
- D) CE-CC

Answer : (B)

56. Consider a lossless antenna with a directive gain of  $+6 \text{ dB}$ . If  $1 \text{ mW}$  of power is fed to it the total power radiated by the antenna will be

- A)  $4 \text{ mW}$
- B)  $1 \text{ mW}$

- C) 7 mW
- D) 1/4 mW

Answer : (A)

57. The bandgap of Silicon at room temperature is

- A) 1.3 eV
- B) 0.7 eV
- C) 1.1 eV
- D) 1.4 eV

Answer : (C)

58. In a PCM system, if the code word length is increased from 6 to 8 bits, the signal to quantization noise ratio improves by the factor

- A) 8/6
- B) 12
- C) 16
- D) 8

Answer : (C)

59. A device with input  $x(t)$  and output  $y(t)$  is characterized by:  $y(t) = x^2(t)$ . An FM signal with frequency deviation of 90 kHz and modulating signal bandwidth of 5 kHz is applied to this device. The bandwidth of the output signal is

- A) 370 kHz
- B) 190 kHz
- C) 380kHz
- D) 95kHz

Answer : (C)

60. For the polynomial  $P(s) = s^5 + s^4 + 2s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 15$ , the number of roots which lie in the right half of the s-plane is

- A) 4
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 1

Answer : (B)

61. An AM signal is detected using an envelope detector. The carrier frequency and modulating signal frequency are 1 MHz and 2 kHz respectively. An appropriate value for the time constant of the envelope detector is

- A) 500 msec
- B) 20 msec
- C) 0.2 msec

D) 1 msec

Answer : (B)

62. In a PCM system, if the code word length is increased from 6 to 8 bits, the signal to quantization noise ratio improves by the factor

- A) 8/6
- B) 12
- C) 16
- D) 8

Answer : (C)

63. Consider the following statements S1 and S2.

S1: The  $\beta$  of a bipolar transistor reduces if the base width is increased.

S2: The  $\beta$  of a bipolar transistor increases if the doping concentration in the base is increased.

Which one of the following is correct?

- A) S1 is FALSE and S2 is TRUE
- B) Both S1 and S2 are TRUE
- C) Both S1 and S2 are FALSE
- D) S1 is TRUE and S2 is FALSE

Answer : (D)

64. A digital-to-analog converter with a full-scale output voltage of 3.5 V has a resolution close to 14m V. Its bit size is

- A) 4
- B) 8
- C) 16
- D) 32

Answer : (B)

65. A single-phase half-controlled rectifier is driving a separately excited dc motor. The dc motor has a back emf constant of 0.5 V/rpm. The armature current is 5 A without any ripple. The armature resistance is 2W. The converter is working from a 280 V, single phase ac source with a firing angle of  $80^\circ$ . Under this operating condition, the speed of the motor will be

- A) 339 rpm
- B) 359 rpm
- C) 366 rpm
- D) 386 rpm

Answer : (C)

66. In relation to the synchronous machines, which one of the following statements is false?

- A) In salient pole machines, the direct-axis synchronous reactance is greater than the quadrature-axis synchronous reactance
- B) The damper bars help the synchronous motor self start

- C) Short circuit ratio is the ratio of the field current required to produce the rated voltage on open circuit to the rated armature current  
D) The V-curve of a synchronous motor represents the variation in the armature current with field excitation, at a given output power

Answer : (C)

67. A parallel plate air-filled capacitor has plate area of  $10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$  and plate separation of  $10^{-3} \text{ m}$ . It is connected to a  $0.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $3.6 \text{ GHz}$  source. The magnitude of the displacement current is ( $\epsilon_0 = 1/36\pi \times 10^{-9} \text{ F/m}$ )

- A)  $10 \text{ mA}$
- B)  $100 \text{ mA}$
- C)  $10 \text{ A}$
- D)  $1.59 \text{ mA}$

Answer : (A)

68. The 8085 assembly language instruction that stores the content of H and L registers into the memory locations  $2050\text{H}$  and  $2051\text{H}$ , respectively, is

- A) SPHL  $2050\text{H}$
- B) SPHL  $2051\text{H}$
- C) SHLD  $2050\text{H}$
- D) STAX  $2050\text{H}$

Answer : (C)

69. If  $E$  is the electric field intensity,  $\vec{\nabla}(\vec{\nabla} \times E)$  is equal to

- A)  $E$
- B)  $|E|$
- C) null vector
- D) zero

Answer : (D)

70. The insulation strength of an EHV transmission line is mainly governed by

- A) load power factor
- B) switching over-voltages
- C) harmonics
- D) corona

Answer : (B)

71. The Q - meter works on the principle of

- A) mutual inductance
- B) self inductance
- C) series resonance
- D) parallel resonance

Answer : (C)

72. A 800 kV transmission line is having per phase line inductance of 1.1 mH/km and per phase line capacitance of 11.68 nF/km. Ignoring the length of the line, its ideal power transfer capability in MW is

- A) 1204 MW
- B) 1504 MW
- C) 2085 MW
- D) 2606 MW

Answer : (C)

73. In a PCM system, if the code word length is increased from 6 to 8 bits, the signal to quantization noise ratio improves by the factor

- A) 8/6
- B) 12
- C) 16
- D) 8

Answer : (C)

74. At an industrial sub-station with a 4 MW load, a capacitor of 2 MVAR is installed to maintain the load power factor at 0.97 lagging. If the capacitor goes out of service, the load power factor becomes

- A) 0.85
- B) 1.00
- C) 0.80 lag
- D) 0.90 lag

Answer : (C)

75. The conduction loss versus device current characteristic of a power MOSFET is best approximated by

- A) a parabola
- B) a straight line
- C) a rectangular hyperbola
- D) an exponentially decaying function

Answer : (A)